Dronacharya Group of Institutions, Greater Noida

Electronics and Communication Engineering Department

Question Bank

Subject: Engineering Economics Branch: ECE 5th Semester

- Q1. Explain the origin & subject matter of Economics.
- **Q2.** Explain the scope & subject matter of economics.
- Q3. Define Economics. Discuss its subject matter of economics.
- **Q4.** Define Economics. Discuss its nature and Importance.
- **Q5.** Define Economics. Discuss its Importance & significance.
- **Q6**. Define the forms of economic analysis. Which form is more important and why?
- **Q7**. Distinguish between micro economics and macro economics. Are they complementary to each other?
- **Q8.**Critically explains the usefulness of micro and macro economics analysis.
- **Q9.** Write short notes on the following:
 - a) Positive and Normative economics
 - b) Elementary theory of price
 - c) Fallacies of economic analysis
- **Q10.**What is Managerial Economics.How is macro economics useful in business decision making?
- Q11. Managerial Economics integrates economic theory and business practice to facilitate decision making by business firms". Explain.
- Q12. How is managerial economics related to economics? Which one is more useful in the choice of better decisions?
- Q13. Explain the meaning of science? What is the role of science in economic development?
- **Q14**. Explain the meaning of Engineering? How engineering plays a role in economic development.
- **Q15**. Explain the meaning of Technology? How Technology plays a role in economic development.

- **Q16**.Define Managerial Economics. Explain the nature &characteristics of managerial Economics.
- Q17. Explain the Scope & Importance of Managerial Economics.
- Q18. Explain the Role & Responsibilities of Managerial Economics.
- **Q19.**What do you understand by the term 'demand' in Economics. Will a beggar desiring to purchase Maruti Car constitute demand? Explain.
- **Q20.** What is a demand function? State and graphically explain the relationship between different determinants of demand and the quantity demanded.
- **Q21**.State and Explain the law of Demand. Explain its assumptions.
- **Q22**. State and Explain the law of Demand. Explain its exceptional cases. Whether this law holds goods for inferior goods?
- **Q23**. Give reasons for the following:
 - a) Why does demand for coffee rises, when price of tea increases.
 - b) Why does demand for car increase, when petrol becomes cheaper?
- **Q24**. Give two reasons which may make a consumer to buy more of a commodity even at a higher price.
- **Q25.** Why does demand curve slopes downward from left to right? Under what circumstances, it will slope upward?
- Q26. How do changes in determinants of demand affect the demand curve?
- **Q27.** When does a consumer buy a smaller quantity of the commodity at the same price?
- **Q28**. When does a consumer buy more commodity at a particular price?
- **Q29.**Write short notes on the following:
 - a) Demand schedule for sugar
 - b) Demand curve
- **Q30.** Explain Giffen goods, Prestige goods, Price Effect.
- **Q31**. Distinguish between the following:
 - a) Income Demand and Cross Demand
 - b) Short run demand and long run demand
 - c) Market segment demand and total segment demand
 - Q32. Distinguish between the following:

- a) Demand schedule, demand curve and demand function
- b) Market demand curve and household demand curve
- c) Complementary goods & substitute effect

Q33. Distinguish between the following:

- a) Company demand & Industry demand
- b) Normal Goods & Inferior Goods
- **Q34.** Define the concept of elasticity of demand.
- Q35. Discuss the price inelastic demand and prepare a demand schedule.
- **Q36.** Explain different types of elasticity of demand with the help of diagrams.
- Q37.Define price elasticity of demand of a commodity. What should be the shape of the demand curve of a commodity when its price elasticity is (i) zero (ii) unitary (iii) infinite?
- **Q38.** Distinguish between elastic and inelastic demand. When is elasticity of demand said to be unity? What is the demand curve in this case known as?
- Q39. When demand for a commodity is is said to be
 - (i) Inelastic (ii) perfectly Inelastic
- **Q40**. How is elasticity of demand measured?
- **Q 41.** Explain the percentage method of measurement of price elasticity of demand for a commodity.
- **Q42.** Explain the outlay method to determine price elasticity of demand.
- **Q43**. Draw the demand schedule for a commodity, whose price elasticity of demand is unitary.
- **Q44.**State factors which determine the price elasticity of demand.
- **Q45.** Explain the relationship between slope and the elasticity of demand.
- **Q46**. Define advertising elasticity of demand and factors affecting it.
- **Q47.** Derive a relationship among price elasticity of demand, income elasticity of demand and cross elasticity of demand.
- **Q48**. Write a short note on income elasticity of demand. Explain its role in business decisions.
- **Q49.** Explain the relationship between price and cross elasticity of demand.
- **Q50.** Explain briefly:

- a) Perfectly elastic demand
- b) Unitary elastic demand curve
- c) Arc elastic method
- d) Cross elasticity of demand
- e) Role of elasticity of demand in decision making
- **Q51.**What is the need and objective of demand forecasting? Discuss its importance in product planning.
- Q52. Explain opinion polling method of demand forecasting.
- Q53. Discuss the use of Delphi method in demand forecasting.
- Q54. How is various methods of demand forecasting. Point out their merits and demerits.
- Q55. Howisdemand for durable and perishable goods is are forecasted.
- **Q56.** Explain Qualitative and Quantitative Techniques of Demand Forecasting.
- Q57. Discuss the importance of the various factors of production in the production process.
- **Q58**.Explain the concept and managerial uses of production function. What are the various types of production function?
- **Q59.** What is production? Explain the role of the theory of production in various fields.
- **Q60.** What is the inputs in the production function of agriculture and industrial products?
- **Q61.** Explain some Income Elasticities.
- **Q62.**Explain Elasticity of Goods substitution.
- **Q63.** If the price of salt &cigrattes rise by 10% would the quantities demanded of these commodities in the market be affected similarly.Explain.
- **Q64**. If there is no change in the quantity of demand of the commodity, what will you say about the price elasticity.
- **Q65.** The best forecasting method is the one which yields the highest percentage of correct predictions. Suggest factors which should be considered in choosing a forecasting technique.