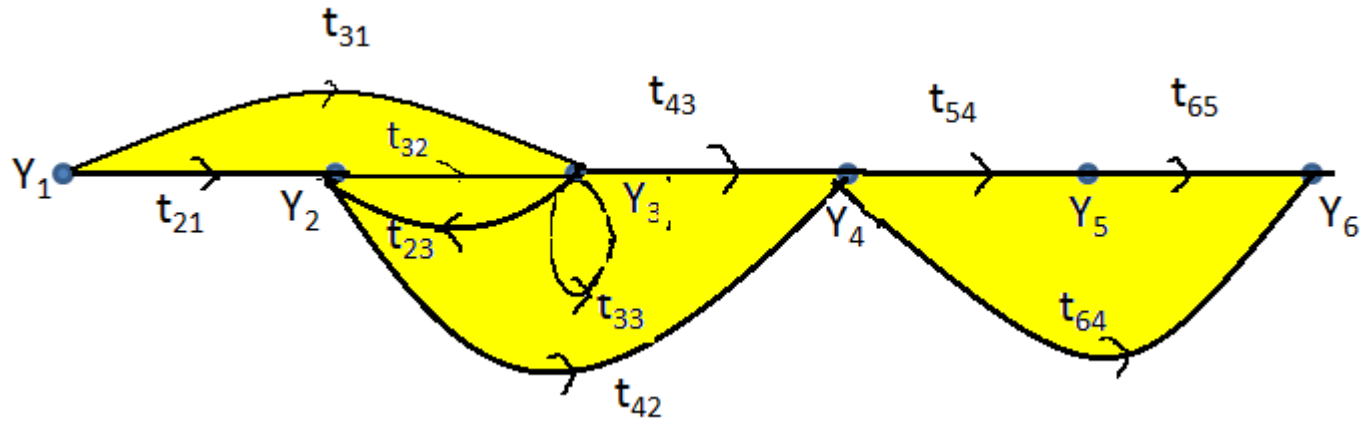


After joining all SFG



SFG from Differential equations

Consider the differential equation

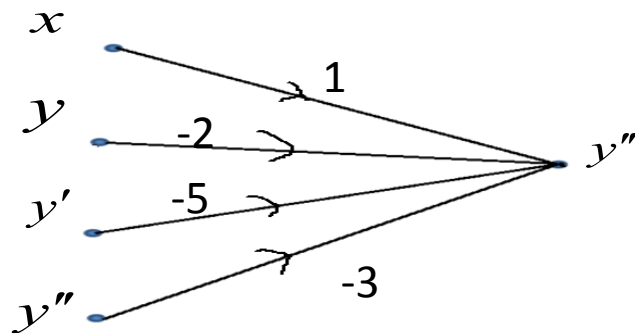
$$y''' + 3y'' + 5y' + 2y = x$$

Step 1: Solve the above eqn for highest order

$$y''' = x - 3y'' - 5y' - 2y$$

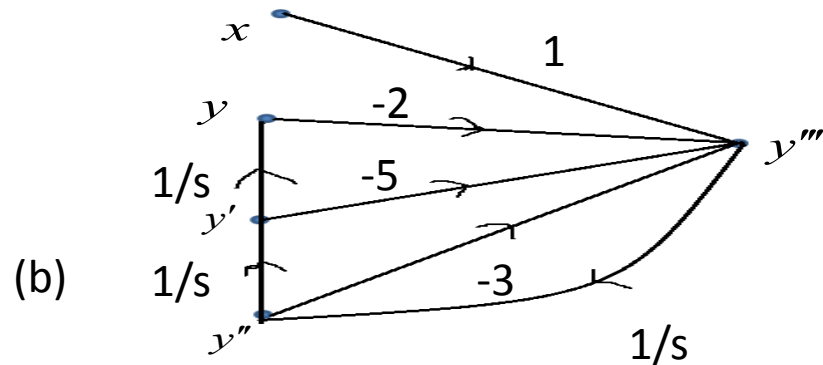
Step 2: Consider the left hand terms (highest derivative) as dependant variable and all other terms on right hand side as independent variables.

Construct the branches of signal flow graph as shown below:-

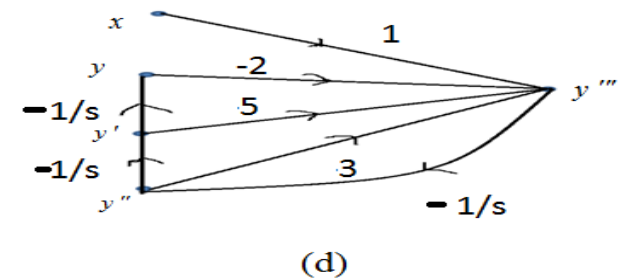
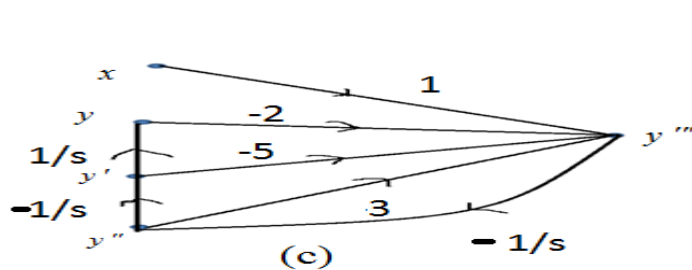


(a)

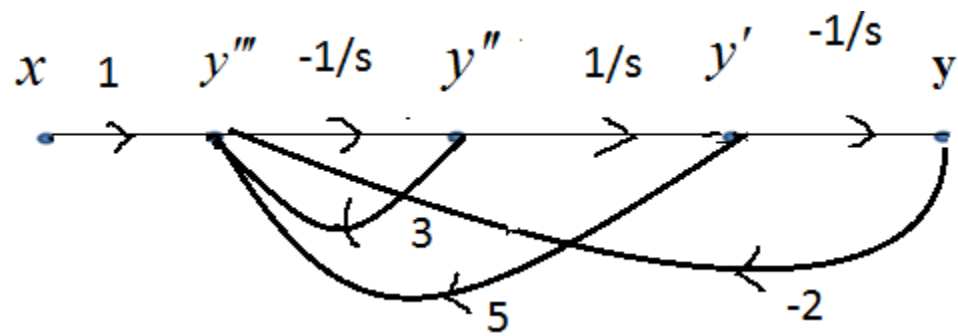
Step 3: Connect the nodes of highest order derivatives to the lowest order der.node and so on. The flow of signal will be from higher node to lower node and transmittance will be $1/s$ as shown in fig (b)



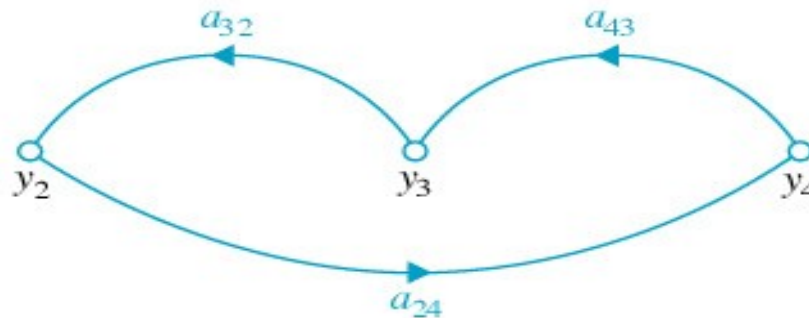
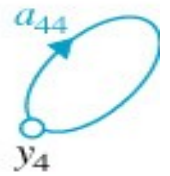
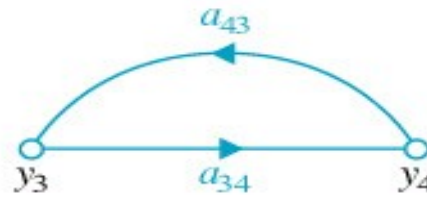
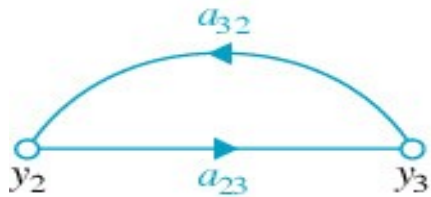
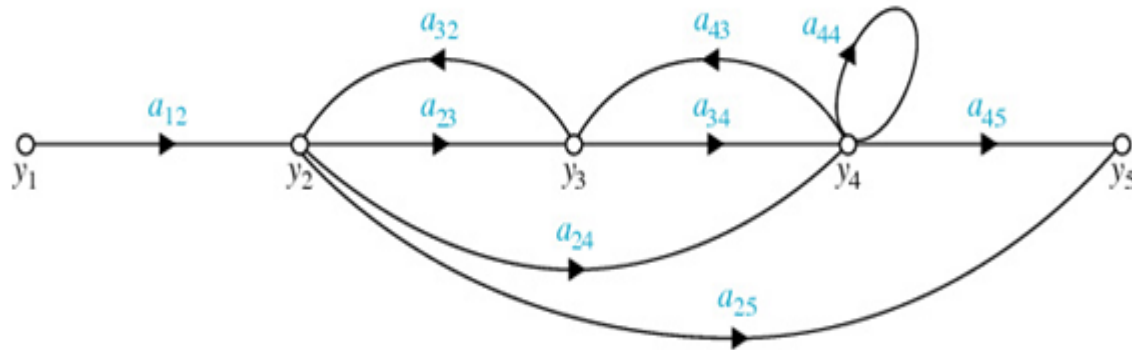
Step 4: Reverse the sign of a branch connecting y''' to y'' , with condition no change in T/F fn.



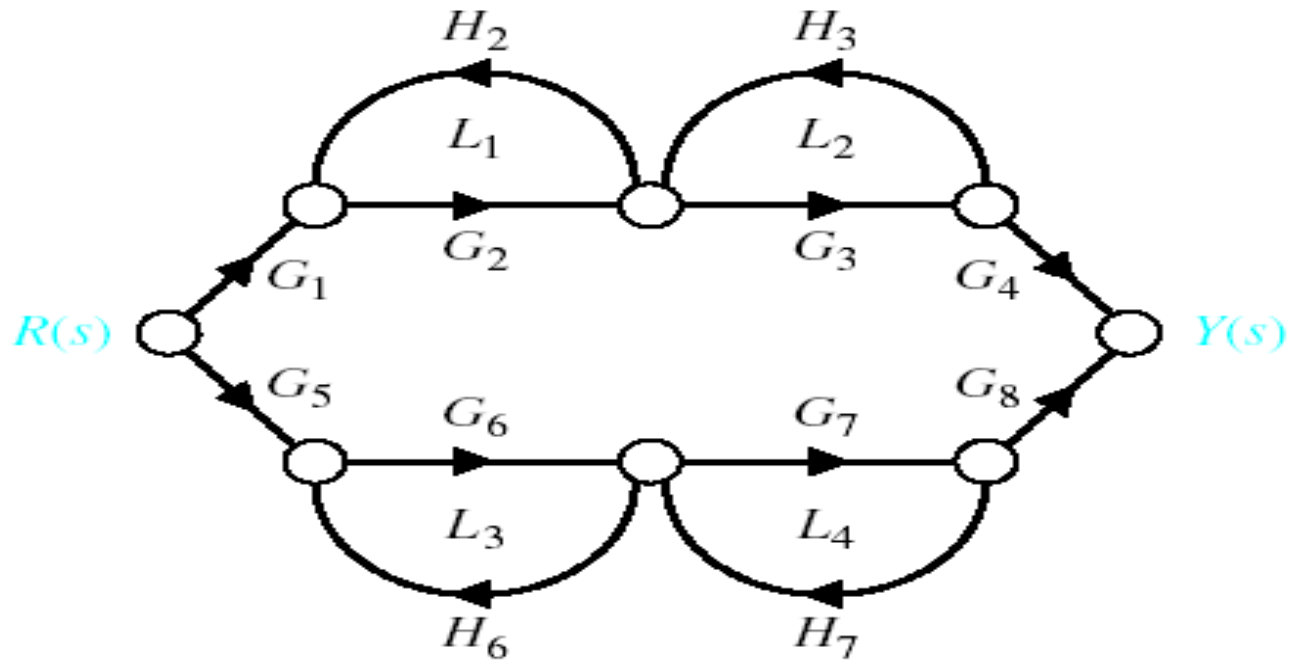
Step5: Redraw the SFG as shown.

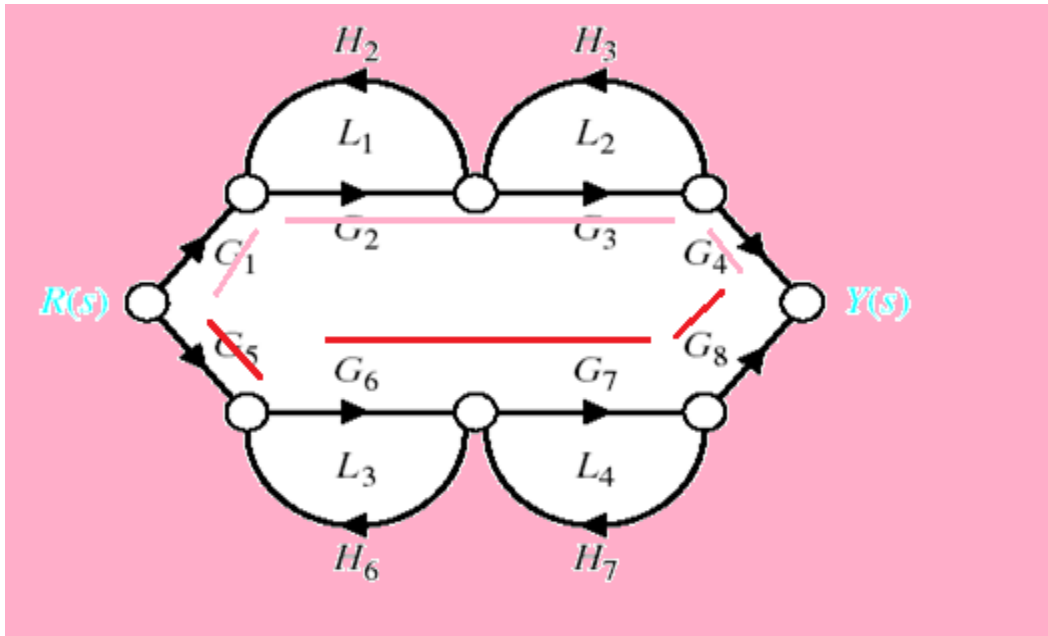


Problem: to find out loops from the given SFG



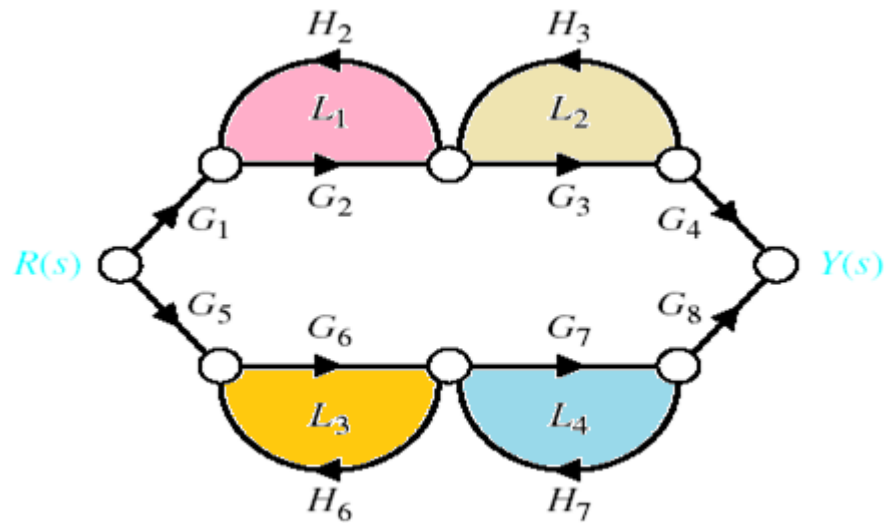
Ex: Signal-Flow Graph Models





$$P_1 = G_1 \cdot G_2 \cdot G_3 \cdot G_4$$

$$P_2 = G_5 \cdot G_6 \cdot G_7 \cdot G_8$$



Individual loops

$$L_1 = G_2 H_2$$

$$L_2 = G_3 H_3$$

$$L_3 = G_6 H_6$$

$$L_4 = G_7 H_7$$

Pair of Non-touching loops

$$L_1 L_3$$

$$L_1 L_4$$

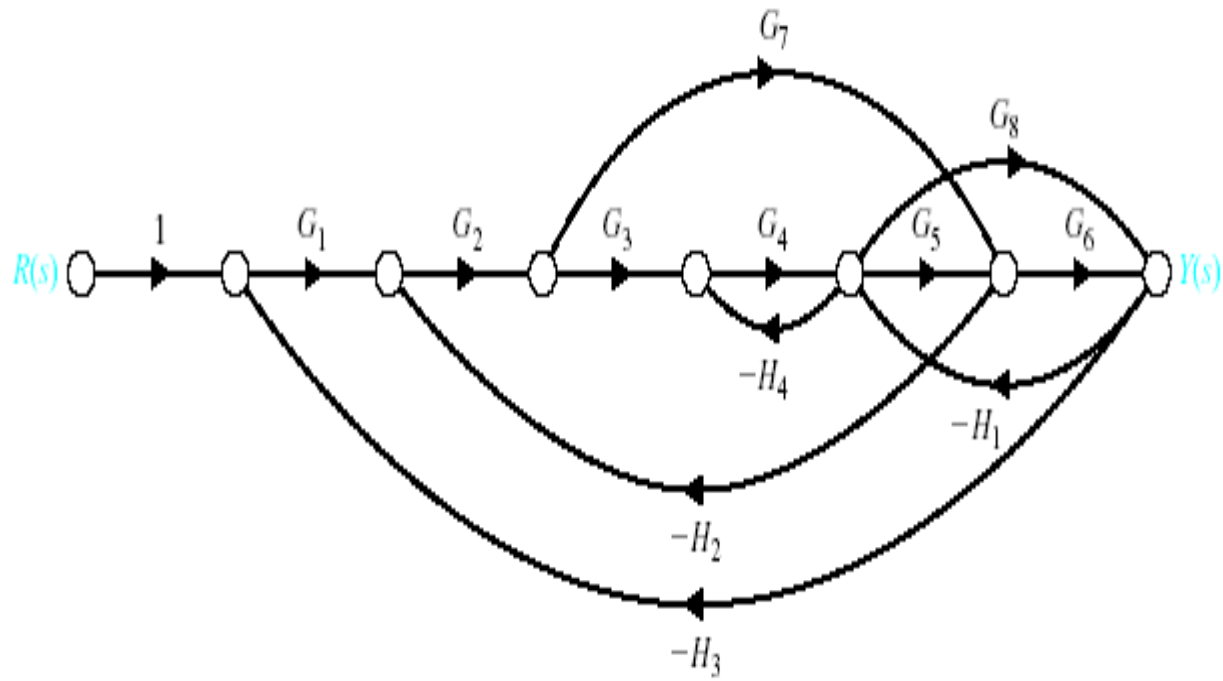
$$L_2 L_3$$

$$L_2 L_4$$

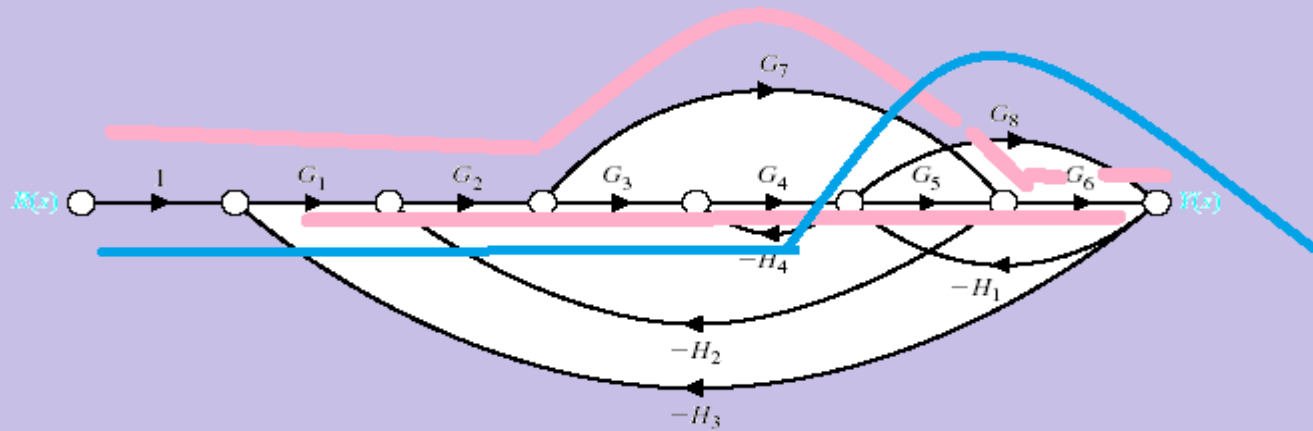
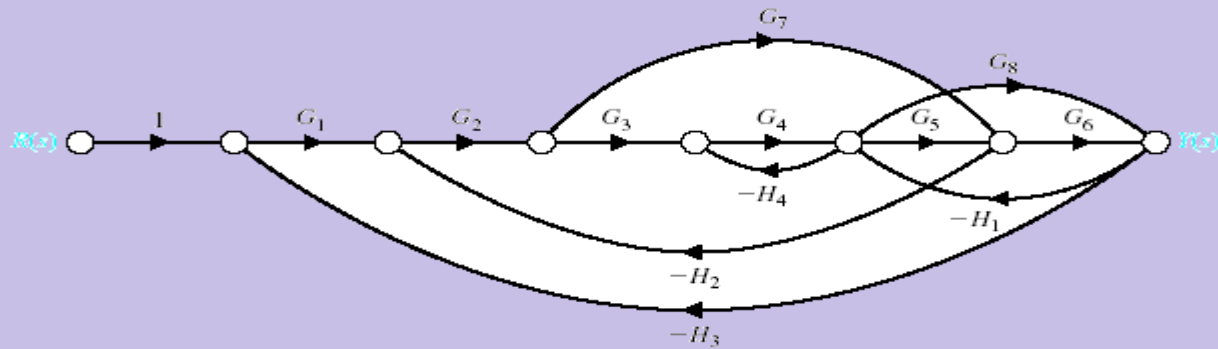
$$\frac{Y}{R} = \frac{\sum P_k \Delta_k}{(1 - (L_1 + L_2 + \dots)) + \sum L_i L_j - \sum L_i L_j L_k \dots}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{[G_1 \cdot G_2 \cdot G_3 \cdot G_4 \cdot (1 - L_3 - L_4)] + [G_5 \cdot G_6 \cdot G_7 \cdot G_8 \cdot (1 - L_1 - L_2)]}{1 - L_1 - L_2 - L_3 - L_4 + L_1 \cdot L_3 + L_1 \cdot L_4 + L_2 \cdot L_3 + L_2 \cdot L_4}$$

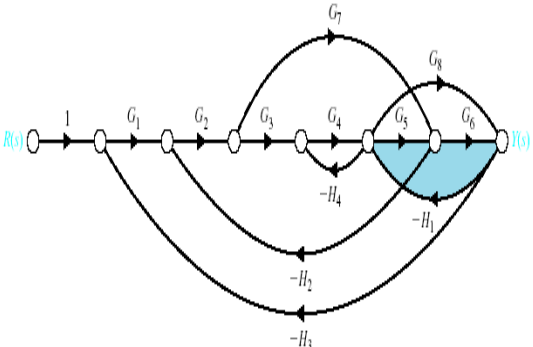
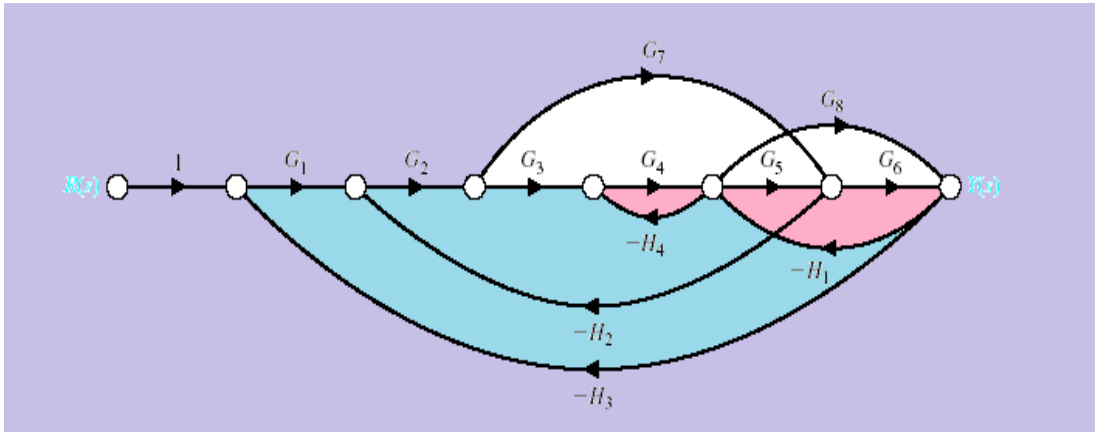
Ex:



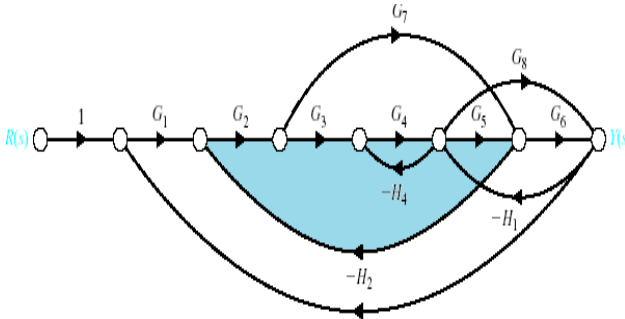
Forward Paths



Loops

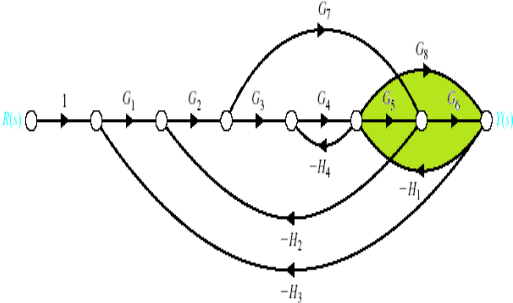


$$L_1 = -G_5 G_6 H_1$$



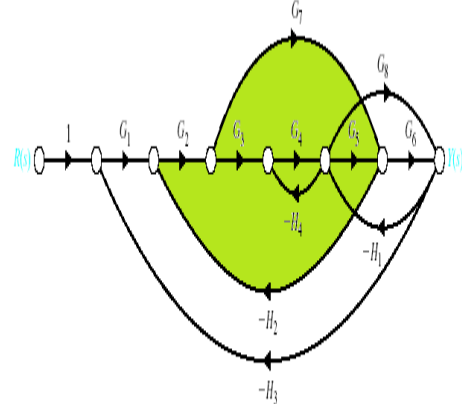
$$L_2 = -G_2 G_3 G_4 G_5 H_2$$

$$L_3 = -G_8 H_1$$

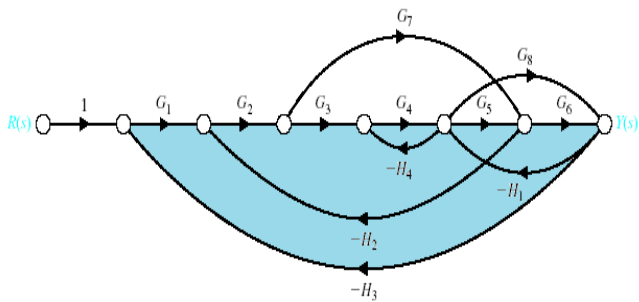


$$L_4 = -G_2 G_7 H_2$$

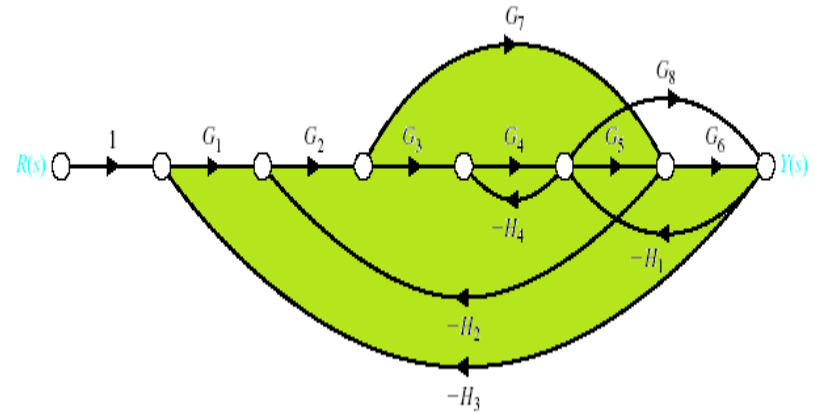
$$L_5 = -G_4 H_4$$



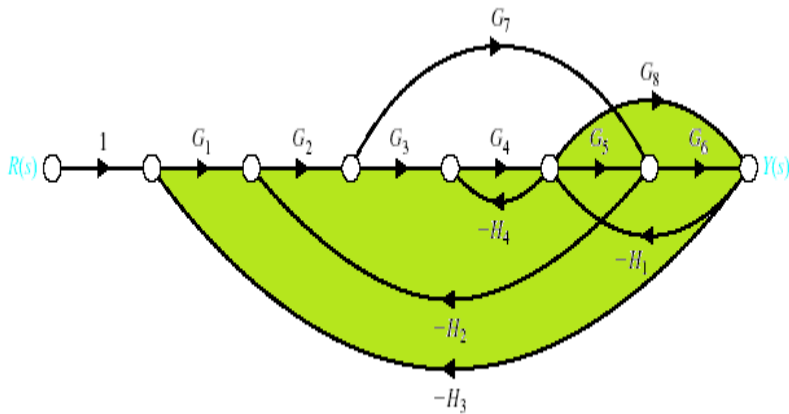
Loops



$$L_6 = -G_1 G_2 G_3 G_4 G_8 H_3$$

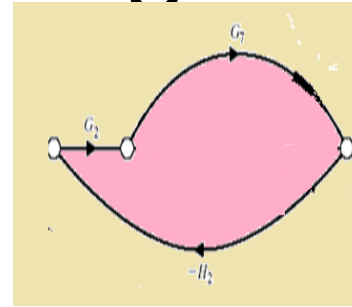
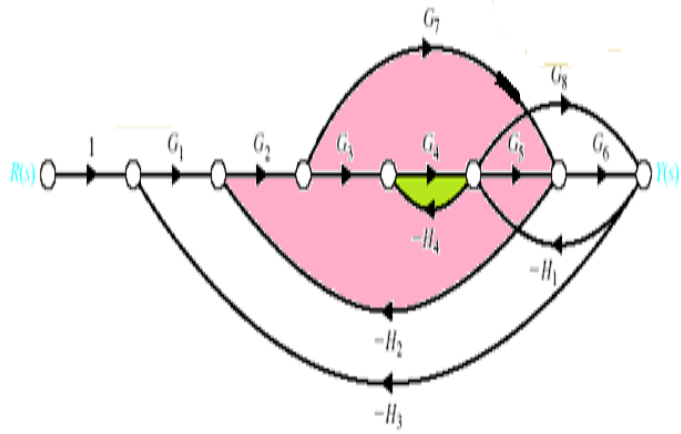


$$L_7 = -G_1 G_2 G_7 G_6 H_3$$

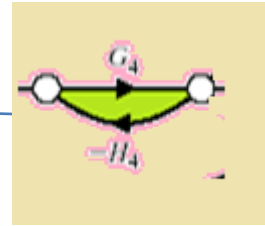


$$L_8 = -G_1 G_2 G_3 G_4 G_5 G_6 H_3$$

Pair of Non-touching loops

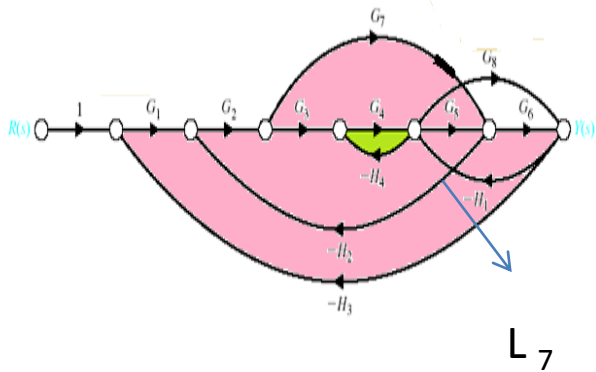


L_5



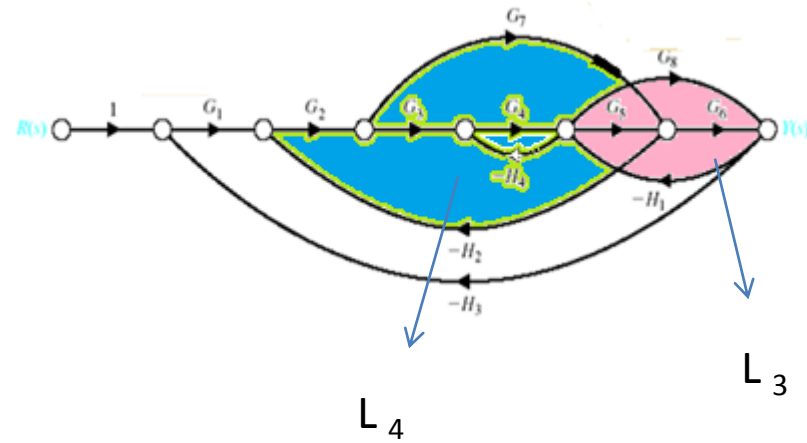
L_4

$L_4 L_5$



L_7

$L_5 L_7$

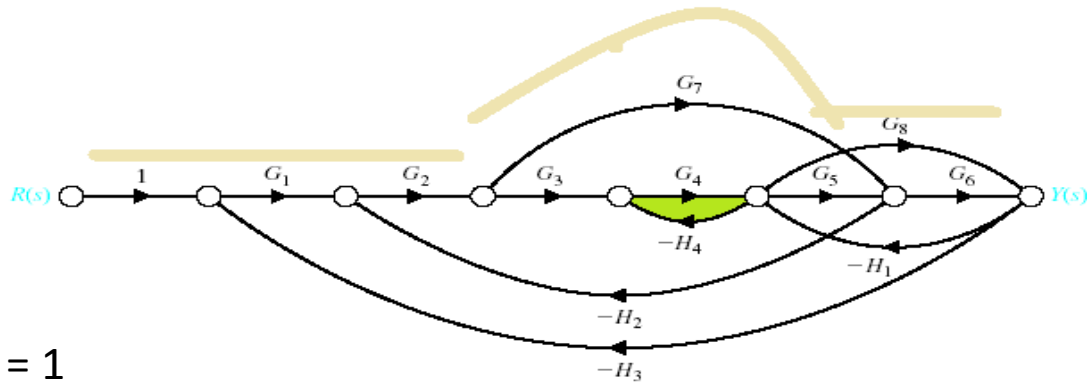


L_4

L_3

$L_3 L_4$

Non-touching loops for paths

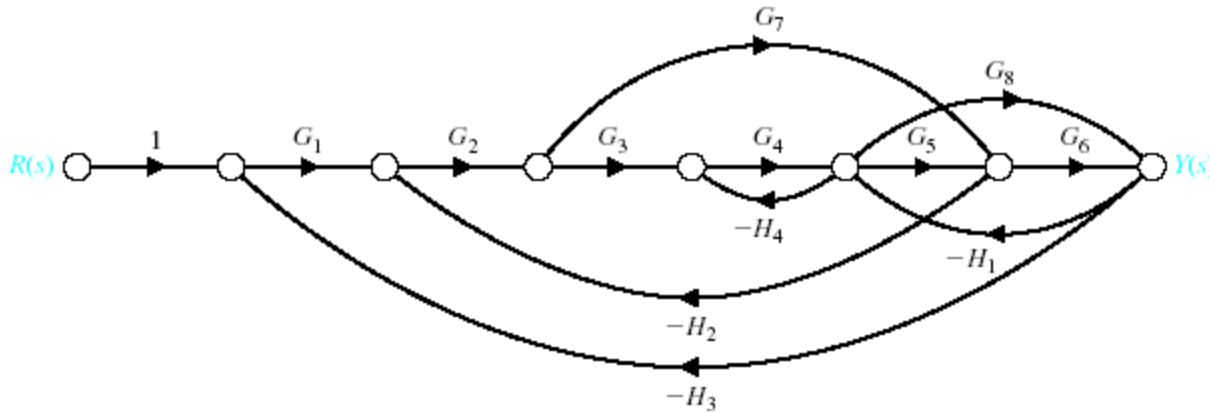


$$\Delta_1 = 1$$

$$\Delta_2 = -G_4 H_4$$

$$\Delta_3 = 1$$

Signal-Flow Graph Models



$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{P_1 + P_2 \cdot \Delta_2 + P_3}{\Delta}$$

$$P_1 = G_1 \cdot G_2 \cdot G_3 \cdot G_4 \cdot G_5 \cdot G_6$$

$$P_2 = G_1 \cdot G_2 \cdot G_7 \cdot G_6$$

$$P_3 = G_1 \cdot G_2 \cdot G_3 \cdot G_4 \cdot G_8$$

$$\Delta = 1 - (L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_4 + L_5 + L_6 + L_7 + L_8) + (L_5 \cdot L_7 + L_5 \cdot L_4 + L_3 \cdot L_4)$$

$$\Delta_1 = \Delta_3 = 1$$

$$\Delta_2 = 1 - L_5 = 1 + G_4 \cdot H_4$$

Block Diagram Reduction Example

