# Unit 4 <br> LECTURE 5 

## MULTIPLICATION

A multiplicand is stored in memory location XX50H and multiplier is stored in location XX51H.WAP to transfer the two numbers from memory locations to the HL registers and store the product in the output buffer at $\mathrm{XX90H}$. Write a subroutine to multiply two unsigned numbers placed in registers H and L . Return the result to HL pair.

## PROGRAM:

LXI SP,STACK<br>LHLD XX50H<br>XCHG<br>CALL MLTPLY SHLD XX90H HLT

## (CONT.)

MLTPLY: MOV A,D
MVI D,00H
LXI H,0000H
MVI B,08H
NXTBIT: RAR
JNC NOADD
DAD D
NOADD: XCHG
DAD H
XCHG
DCR B
JNZ NXTBIT
RET

## Subtraction with Carry

LXI D,2050H
LXI H,2080H
MVI B, 05 H
NEXT:
CALL SBTRAC
INX D
INX H
DCR B
JNZ NEXT
HLT
SBTRAC: MOV A,M; A
XCHG
SUB M

## Subtraction with Carry(Cont.)

MOV M,A
XCHG
INX H
INX D
MOV A,M
XCHG
SBB M
CC INDIKET
MOV M,A
RET

- A set of five 16 bit readings of the current consumption of industrial control units is monitored by meters and stored at memory locations starting at $\mathrm{x} \times 50 \mathrm{H}$,followed by the higher order byte. - The corresponding maximum limits for each control unit are stored starting at $\mathrm{XX90H}$. Subtract each reading from its specified limit, and store the difference in place of the readings.
- If any reading exceeds the maximum limit, call the indicator routine and continue checking.

