Single Phase Half Wave Controlled Rectifier With A General Load



$$\gamma = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{E}{V_m} \right)$$

- For trigger angle $\alpha < \gamma$,
- the Thyristor conducts from $\omega t = \gamma$ to β For trigger angle $\alpha > \gamma$, the Thyristor conducts from $\omega t = \alpha$ to β



Equations

$$v_{S} = V_{m} \sin \omega t = \text{Input supply voltage.}$$

$$v_{O} = V_{m} \sin \omega t = \text{o/p (load) voltage}$$
for $\omega t = \alpha$ to β .
$$v_{O} = E \text{ for } \omega t = 0 \text{ to } \alpha \&$$
for $\omega t = \beta$ to 2π .

Expression for the Load Current When the thyristor is triggered at a delay angle of $\alpha > \gamma$, the eqn. for the circuit can be written as

$$V_m \sin \omega t = i_0 \times R + L \left(\frac{di_0}{dt}\right) + E \; ; \; \alpha \le \omega t \le \beta$$

The general expression for the output load current can be written as

$$i_{O} = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \sin\left(\omega t - \phi\right) - \frac{E}{R} + Ae^{\frac{-t}{\tau}}$$

Where

$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2} = \text{Load Impedance.}$$
$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega L}{R}\right) = \text{Load impedance angle.}$$

$$au = \frac{L}{R}$$
 = Load circuit time constant.

The general expression for the o/p current can

be written as
$$i_O = \frac{V_m}{Z} \sin(\omega t - \phi) - \frac{E}{R} + Ae^{\frac{-R}{L}t}$$

To find the value of the constant

'A' apply the initial conditions at $\omega t = \alpha$, load current $i_0 = 0$, Equating the general expression for the load current to zero at $\omega t = \alpha$, we get

$$i_{O} = 0 = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \sin\left(\alpha - \phi\right) - \frac{E}{R} + Ae^{\frac{-R}{L} \times \frac{\alpha}{\omega}}$$

We obtain the value of constant 'A' as

$$A = \left[\frac{E}{R} - \frac{V_m}{Z}\sin(\alpha - \phi)\right] e^{\frac{R}{\omega L}\alpha}$$

Substituting the value of the constant 'A' in the expression for the load current; we get the complete expression for the output load current as

$$i_{O} = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \sin\left(\omega t - \phi\right) - \frac{E}{R} + \left[\frac{E}{R} - \frac{V_{m}}{Z}\sin\left(\alpha - \phi\right)\right] e^{\frac{-R}{\omega L}(\omega t - \alpha)}$$

To Derive An Expression For The Average Or DC Load Voltage

$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} v_{O} d(\omega t)$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\int_{0}^{\alpha} v_{O} d(\omega t) + \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} v_{O} d(\omega t) + \int_{\beta}^{2\pi} v_{O} d(\omega t) \right]$$

$$v_{O} = V_{m} \sin \omega t = \text{Output load voltage for } \omega t = \alpha \text{ to } \beta$$

$$v_{O} = E \text{ for } \omega t = 0 \text{ to } \alpha \text{ \& for } \omega t = \beta \text{ to } 2\pi$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\int_{0}^{\alpha} E d(\omega t) + \int_{\alpha}^{\beta} V_{m} \sin \omega t + \int_{\beta}^{2\pi} E d(\omega t) \right]$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[E\left(\omega t\right) \Big/_{0}^{\alpha} + V_{m}\left(-\cos\omega t\right) \Big/_{\alpha}^{\beta} + E\left(\omega t\right) \Big/_{\beta}^{2\pi} \right]$$
$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[E\left(\alpha - 0\right) - V_{m}\left(\cos\beta - \cos\alpha\right) + E\left(2\pi - \beta\right) \right]$$
$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{V_{m}}{2\pi} \left[\left(\cos\alpha - \cos\beta\right) \right] + \frac{E}{2\pi} \left[\left(2\pi - \beta + \alpha\right) \right]$$
$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{V_{m}}{2\pi} \left(\cos\alpha - \cos\beta\right) + \left[\frac{2\pi - (\beta - \alpha)}{2\pi} \right] E$$

Conduction angle of thyristor $\delta = (\beta - \alpha)$

RMS Output Voltage can be calculated by using the expression

$$V_{O(RMS)} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\int_{0}^{2\pi} v_O^2 . d\left(\omega t\right) \right]}$$

Single Phase Full Wave Controlled Rectifier Using A Center Tapped Transformer



Discontinuous Load Current Operation without FWD for





To Derive An Expression For The Output (Load) Current, During $\omega t = \alpha$ to β When Thyristor T_1 Conducts Assuming T_1 is triggered $\omega t = \alpha$, we can write the equation,

$$L\left(\frac{di_{O}}{dt}\right) + Ri_{O} = V_{m}\sin\omega t \; ; \; \alpha \le \omega t \le \beta$$

General expression for the output current,

$$i_{O} = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \sin\left(\omega t - \phi\right) + A_{1}e^{\frac{-t}{\tau}}$$

$$V_m = \sqrt{2}V_S = \text{maximum supply voltage.}$$

 $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2} = \text{Load impedance.}$
 $\phi = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\omega L}{R}\right) = \text{Load impedance angle.}$

$$\tau = \frac{L}{R} = \text{Load circuit time constant.}$$

.: general expression for the output load current

$$i_{O} = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \sin\left(\omega t - \phi\right) + A_{1} e^{\frac{-R}{L}t}$$

Constant A_1 is calculated from

initial condition $i_0 = 0$ at $\omega t = \alpha$; $t = \left(\frac{\alpha}{\omega}\right)$

$$i_O = 0 = \frac{V_m}{Z} \sin\left(\alpha - \phi\right) + A_1 e^{\frac{-R}{L}t}$$

$$A_{1}e^{\frac{-R}{L}t} = \frac{-V_{m}}{Z}\sin(\alpha - \phi)$$

We get the value of constant A_1 as

$$A_{1} = e^{\frac{R(\alpha)}{\omega L}} \left[\frac{-V_{m}}{Z} \sin(\alpha - \phi) \right]$$

Substituting the value of constant A_1 in the general expression for i_0

$$i_{O} = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \sin\left(\omega t - \phi\right) + e^{\frac{-R}{\omega L}(\omega t - \alpha)} \left[\frac{-V_{m}}{Z}\sin\left(\alpha - \phi\right)\right]$$

 \therefore we obtain the final expression for the inductive load current

$$i_{O} = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \left[\sin(\omega t - \phi) - \sin(\alpha - \phi) e^{\frac{-R}{\omega L}(\omega t - \alpha)} \right];$$

Where $\alpha \le \omega t \le \beta$

Extinction angle β can be calculated by using the condition that $i_0 = 0$ at $\omega t = \beta$

$$i_{O} = \frac{V_{m}}{Z} \left[\sin\left(\omega t - \phi\right) - \sin\left(\alpha - \phi\right) e^{\frac{-R}{\omega L}(\omega t - \alpha)} \right] = 0$$

$$\therefore \sin(\beta - \phi) = e^{\frac{-R}{\omega L}(\beta - \alpha)} \times \sin(\alpha - \phi)$$

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 β can be calculated by solving the above eqn.

To Derive An Expression For The DC Output Voltage Of A Single Phase Full Wave Controlled Rectifier With RL Load (Without FWD)



$$\begin{aligned} V_{O(dc)} &= V_{dc} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\omega t = \alpha}^{\beta} v_O.d\left(\omega t\right) \\ V_{O(dc)} &= V_{dc} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} V_m \sin \omega t.d\left(\omega t\right) \right] \\ V_{O(dc)} &= V_{dc} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} \left[-\cos \omega t \Big/_{\alpha}^{\beta} \right] \\ V_{O(dc)} &= V_{dc} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} \left(\cos \alpha - \cos \beta \right) \end{aligned}$$

When the load inductance is negligible (i.e., $L \approx 0$) Extinction angle $\beta = \pi$ radians

Hence the average or dc output voltage for R load

$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} (\cos \alpha - \cos \pi)$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} (\cos \alpha - (-1))$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} (1 + \cos \alpha); \text{ for R load, when } \beta = \pi$$

To calculate the RMS output voltage we use the expression

$$V_{O(RMS)} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\pi} \left[\int_{\alpha}^{\beta} V_m^2 \sin^2 \omega t.d(\omega t) \right]}$$

Discontinuous Load Current Operation with FWD



Thyristor T_1 is triggered at $\omega t = \alpha$; T_1 conducts from $\omega t = \alpha$ to π Thyristor T_2 is triggered at $\omega t = (\pi + \alpha)$; T_2 conducts from $\omega t = (\pi + \alpha)$ to 2π FWD conducts from $\omega t = \pi$ to β & $v_0 \approx 0$ during discontinuous load current.

To Derive an Expression For The DC Output Voltage For Α Single Phase Full Wave Controlled Rectifier With RL Load & FWD

$$V_{O(dc)} = V_{dc} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\omega t=0}^{\pi} v_O.d(\omega t)$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = V_{dc} = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{\alpha}^{\pi} V_m \sin \omega t.d(\omega t)$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = V_{dc} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} \left[-\cos\omega t \Big/ \frac{\pi}{\alpha} \right]$$

$$V_{O(dc)} = V_{dc} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} \left[-\cos \pi + \cos \alpha \right] ; \cos \pi = -1$$

$$\therefore \quad V_{O(dc)} = V_{dc} = \frac{V_m}{\pi} (1 + \cos \alpha)$$

- The load current is discontinuous for low values of load inductance and for large values of trigger angles.
- For large values of load inductance the load current flows continuously without falling to zero.
- Generally the load current is continuous for large load inductance and for low trigger angles.