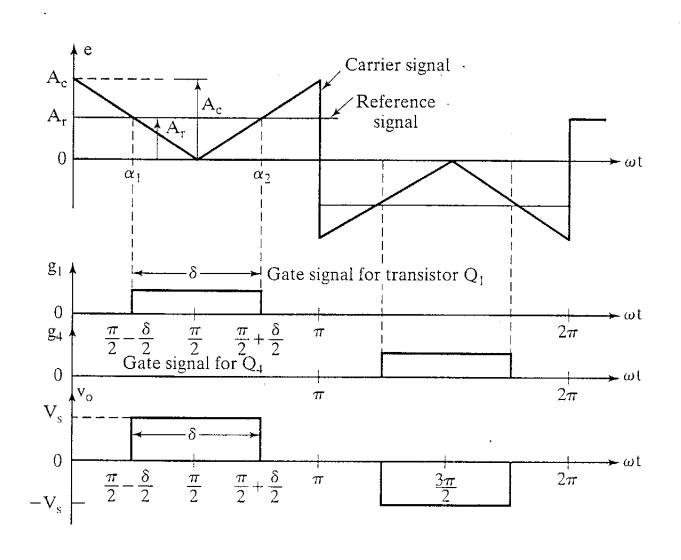
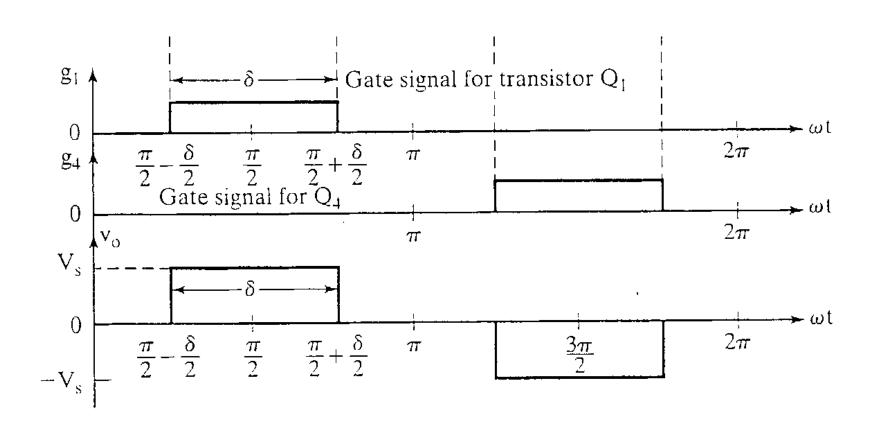
Voltage Control of Inverters

- Commonly-used Techniques
 - Single-Pulse-Width-Modulation
 - Multiple-Pulse-Width-Modulation
 - Sinusoidal-Pulse-Width-Modulation
 - Modified-Sinusoidal-Pulse-Width-Modulation
 - Phase-Displacement Control

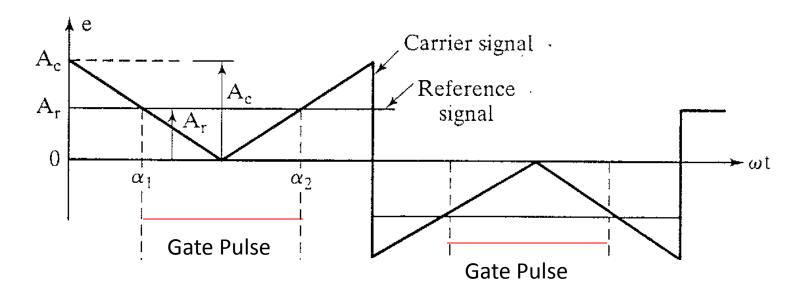
Single-Pulse-Width-Modulation



One Pulse per Half-Cycle Pulse Width Controls the Output Voltage

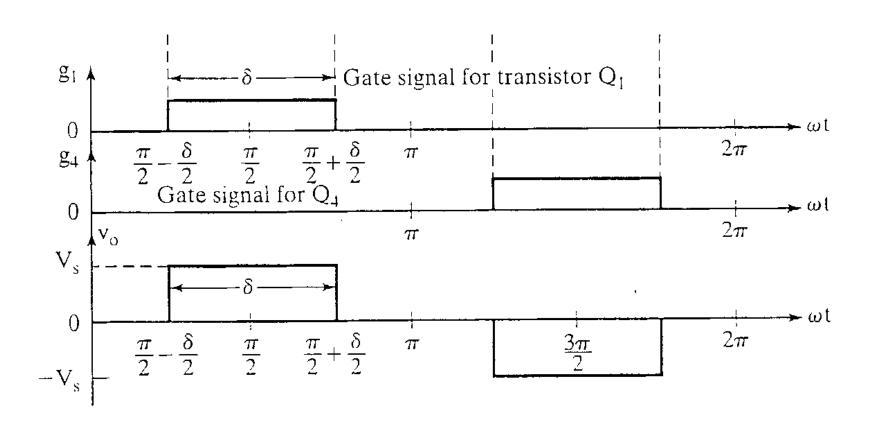


Carrier and Reference Signals

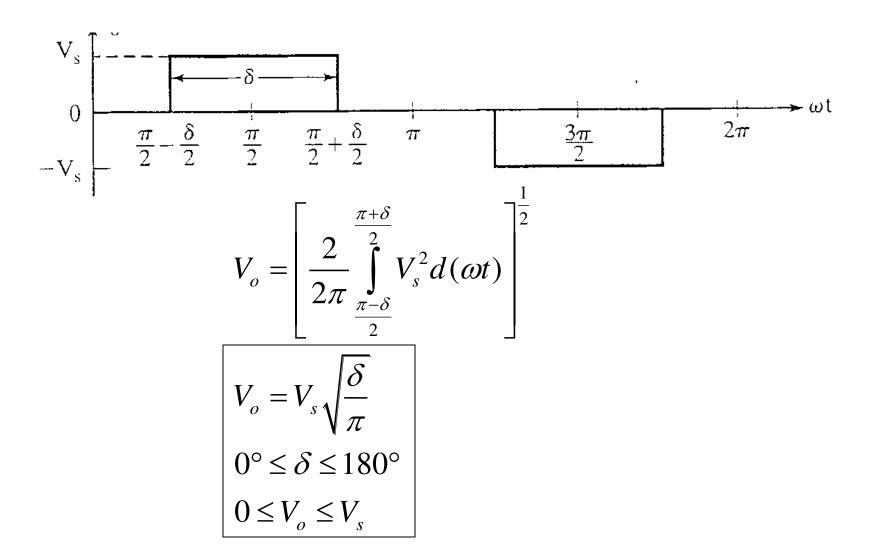


- Compare the Reference Signal with the Carrier
- Frequency of the Reference Signal determines the frequency of the Output Voltage
- Modulation Index = $M = A_r/A_c$

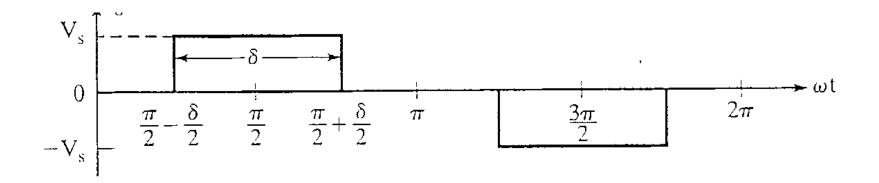
Gate Signals and Output



rms value of the Output Voltage

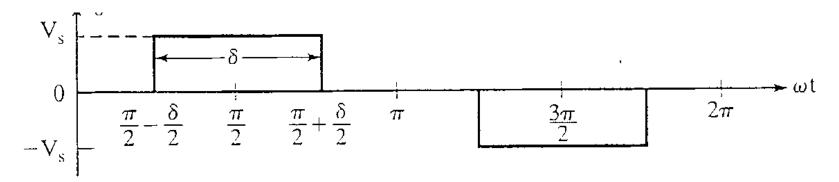


Fourier Series for the Output Voltage



$$v_o(t) = \sum_{n=1,3,5,\dots}^{\infty} \frac{4V_s}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\delta}{2} \sin n\omega t$$

Times and angles of the intersections



$$t_1 = \frac{\alpha_1}{\omega} = (1 - M) \frac{T_S}{2}$$

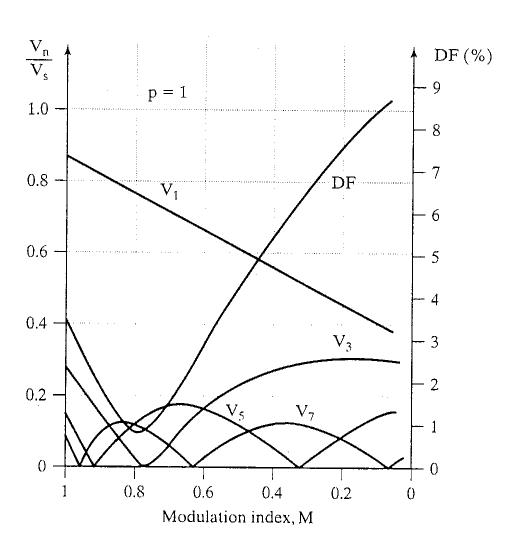
$$t_2 = \frac{\alpha_2}{\omega} = (1+M)\frac{T_S}{2}$$

Pulse width d (or pulse angle δ)

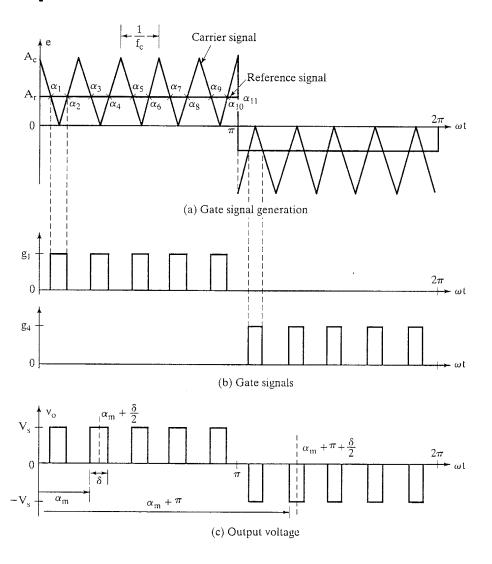
 $T_s = T/2$

$$d = \frac{\delta}{\omega} = t_2 - t_1 = MT_S$$

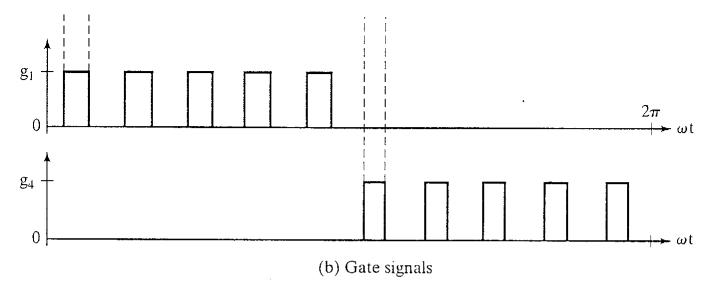
Harmonic Profile

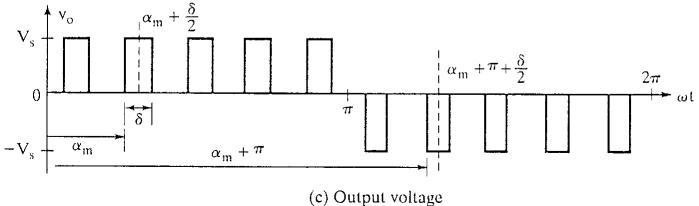


Multiple-Pulse-Width-Modulation

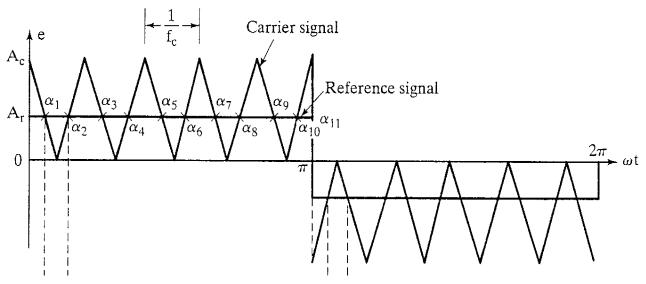






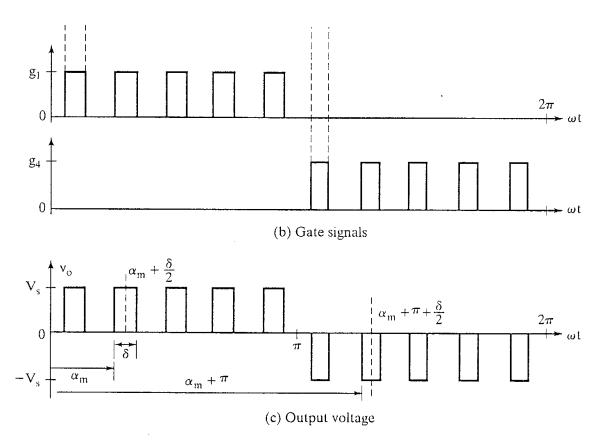


Gate Signal Generation



- Compare the Reference Signal with the Carrier
- Frequency of the Reference Signal determines the Output Voltage Frequency
- Frequency of the Carrier determines the number of pulses per half-cycle
- Modulation Index controls the Output Voltage

Gate Signals and Output Voltage



Number of pulses per half cycle = $p = f_c/2f_o = m_f/2$ where m_f = frequency modulation ratio

rms Value of the Output Voltage

$$V_o = \left[\frac{2p}{2\pi} \int_{(\frac{\pi}{p} - \delta)/2}^{(\frac{\pi}{p} + \delta)/2} V_s^2 d(\omega t)\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$V_o = V_s \sqrt{\frac{p\delta}{\pi}}$$

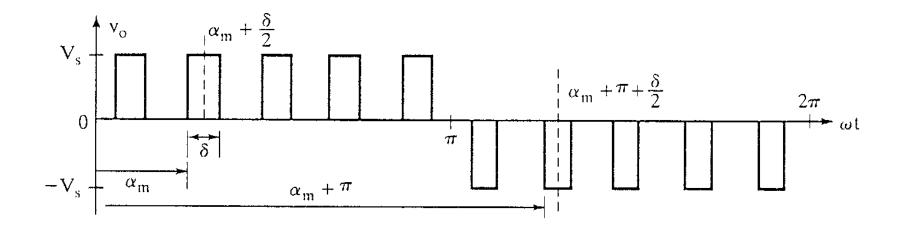
$$0 \le M \le 1$$

$$0 \le \delta \le \frac{T}{2p}$$

$$0 \le \delta \le \frac{\pi}{p}$$

$$0 \le V_o \le V_s$$

Fourier Series of the Output Voltage



$$v_o(t) = \sum_{n=1,3,5,\dots}^{\infty} B_n \sin n\omega t$$

$$B_n = \sum_{m=1}^{2p} \frac{4V_s}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\delta}{4} \left[\sin n(\alpha_m + \frac{3\delta}{4}) - \sin n(\pi + \alpha_m + \frac{\delta}{4}) \right]$$

The times and angles of the intersections

$$t_m = \frac{\alpha_m}{\omega} = (m - M) \frac{T_s}{2}$$

$$t_{m} = \frac{\alpha_{m}}{\omega} = (m - 1 + M) \frac{T_{S}}{2}$$

The pulse width d (or pulse angle δ)

 $T_s = T/2p$

$$d = \frac{\delta}{\omega} = t_{m+1} - t_m = MT_S$$

Harmonic Profile

