UNIT IV

STABILITY ANALYSIS

STABILITY

- The tendency of a power system to develop restoring forces equal to or greater than the disturbing forces to maintain the state of equilibrium.
- Ability to keep the machines in synchronism with another machine

CLASSIFICATION OF STABILITY

Steady state stability

Ability of the power system to regain synchronism after small and slow disturbances (like gradual power changes)

Dynamic stability

Ability of the power system to regain synchronism after small disturbances occurring for a long time (like changes in turbine speed, change in load)

CLASSIFICATION OF STABILITY

Transient stability

This concern with sudden and large changes in the network conditions i.e. sudden changes in application or removal of loads, line switching operating operations, line faults, or loss of excitation.

- Steady state limit is the maximum power that can be transferred without the system become unstable when the load in increased gradually under steady state conditions.
- Transient limit is the maximum power that can be transferred without the system becoming unstable when a sudden or large disturbance occurs.

